Water Quality in the Upper Floridan Aquifer in the Vicinity of Drainage Wells, Orlando, Florida

Ву І	L.A.	Bra	dner
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U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Water-Resources Investigations Report 90-4175

Prepared in cooperation with the FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION



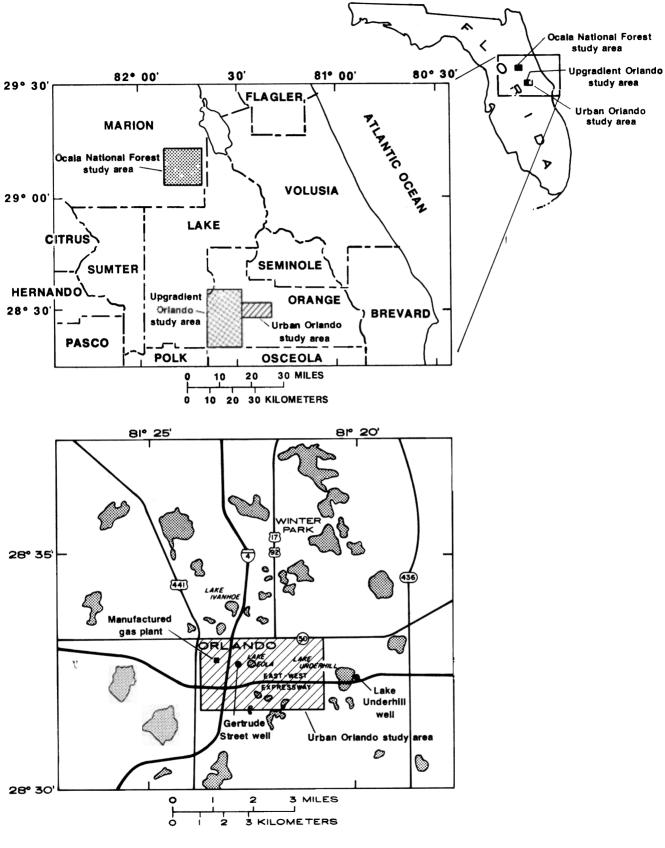
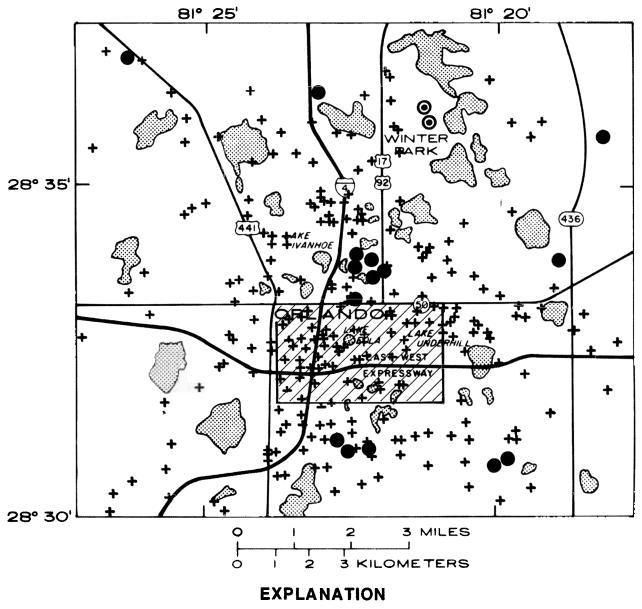


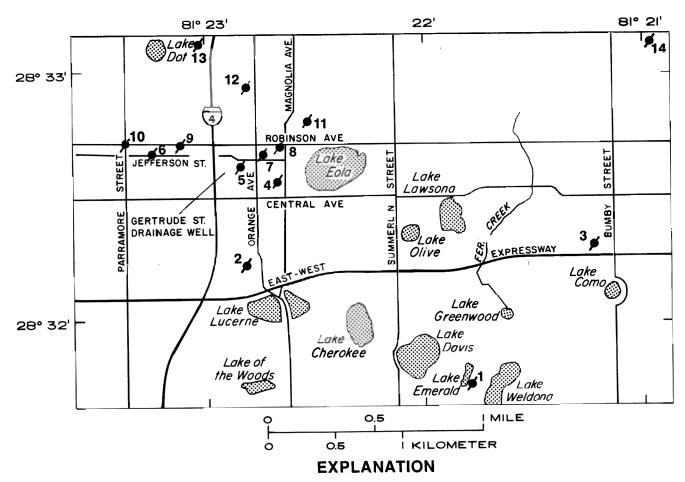
Figure 1. Study areas.



URBAN ORLANDO STUDY AREA

- + DRAINAGE WELL
- PUBLIC WATER-SUPPLY WELL IN THE LOWER FLORIDAN AQUIFER
- PUBLIC WATER-SUPPLY WELL IN THE UPPER FLORIDAN AQUIFER

Figure 2. Location of drainage wells and public-supply wells within the study area.



WELL--Number is site name listed in table 1

Figure 3. Location of wells sampled within the urban Orlando area.

Table 1. Upper Floridan aquifer wells in the Orlando area sampled as part of the study

Site	Site identification number	Current use of well	Depth (feet)	Diamete (inches)	
Urban Orlando sites	283147081214701	Lake augmentation	428	12	
2	283218081224801	Air conditioning	Unkno √ n	6	
2 3	283223081211501	Irrigation	214	4	
4 .	283235081223801	Engine cooling	Unknown	6	
15	283240081225001	Observation	247	4	
6	283241081231501	Pressure relief	275	12	
7	283242081224201	Irrigation	Unknown	6	
8	283243081224101	do.	290	6	
9	283243081230701	Drainage	199	6	
10	283244081232001	do.	376	12	
11	283252081223101	Irrigation	260	4	
12	283300081224701	do.	231	4	
13	283309081230001	do.	Unknown	4	
14	283310081205901	do.	257	6	
Lake Underhill sites			27.5	4	
² 15	283219081195501	Observation	375	4	
³ 16	283219081195601	do.	375	4	
⁴ 17	283219081195701	Drainage	375	20	

¹ Gertrude Street monitoring well.

²Lake Underhill monitoring well 1.

³Lake Underhill monitoring well 2.

⁴Lake Underhill monitoring well 3.

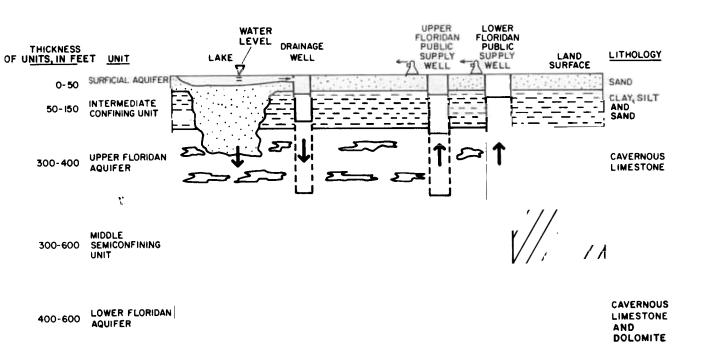


Figure 4. Generalized hydrogeologic section in the Orlando area.

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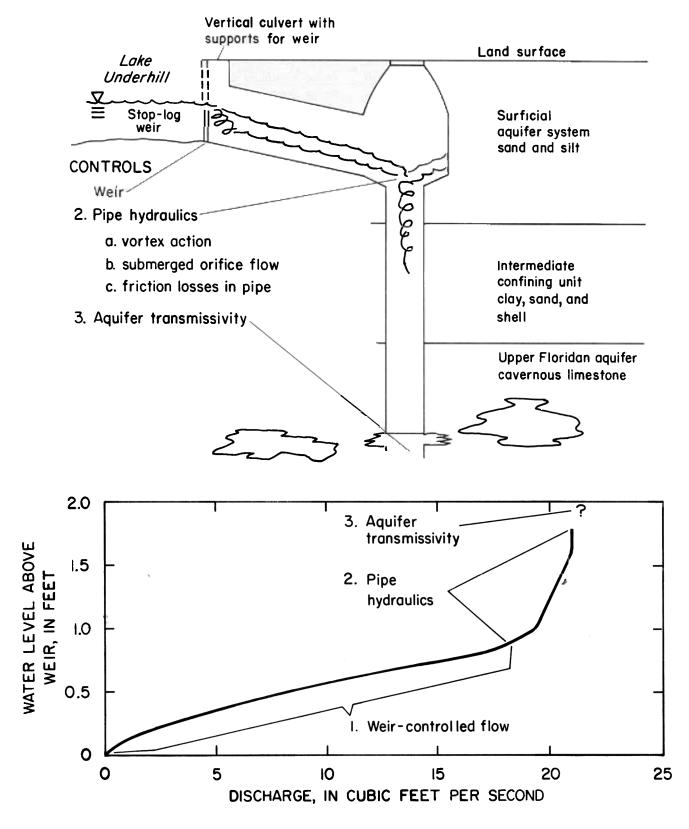


Figure 9b. Factors that affect flow into the Lake Underhill drainage well.

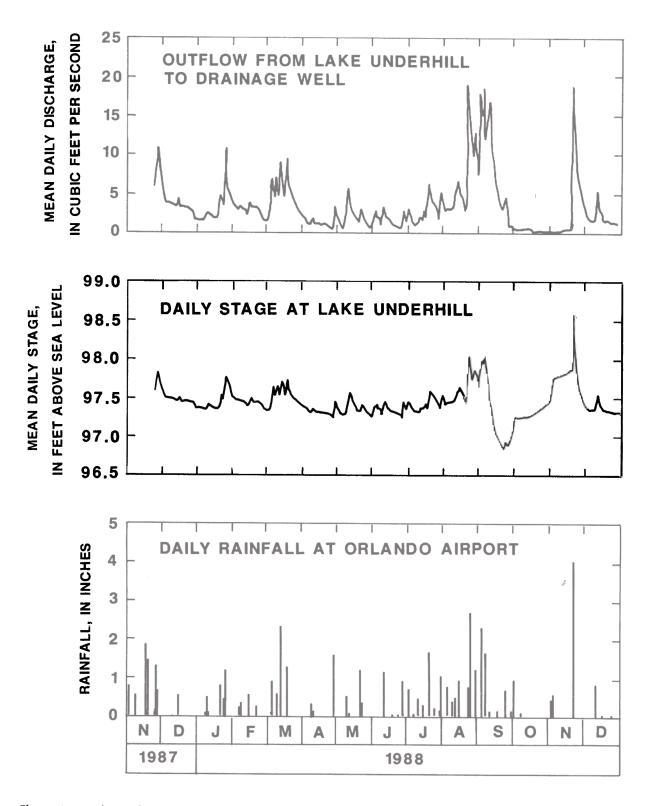
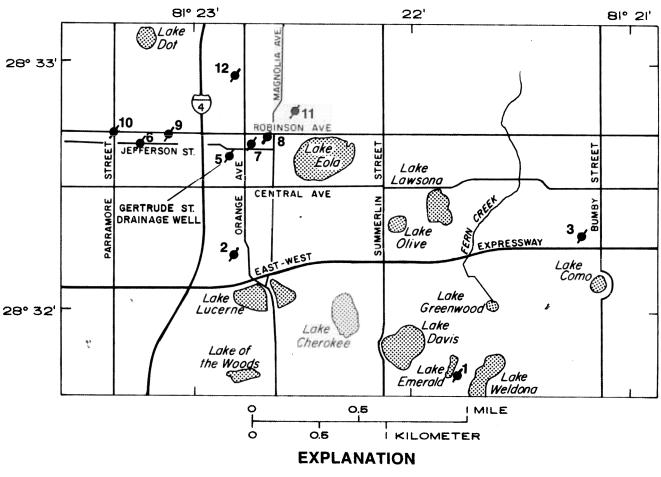


Figure 10. Hydrograph showing stage and outflow at Lake Underhill and rainfall at Orlando, November 1987 through December 1988.

Table 3. Statistical summary of chemical analyses of water from 18 wells upgradient from Orlando and 9 wells from the Ocala National Forest area

[N is number of wells. (n) is number of samples. For wells having more than one sample, a median value for all samples from the well was determined and placed into a data set. From this data set, another median was determined, and is the median listed in the table. Range is the maximum and minimum values from the data set. Concentrations are in milligrams per liter, unless otherwise noted. µS/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius; mg/L, micrograms per liter]

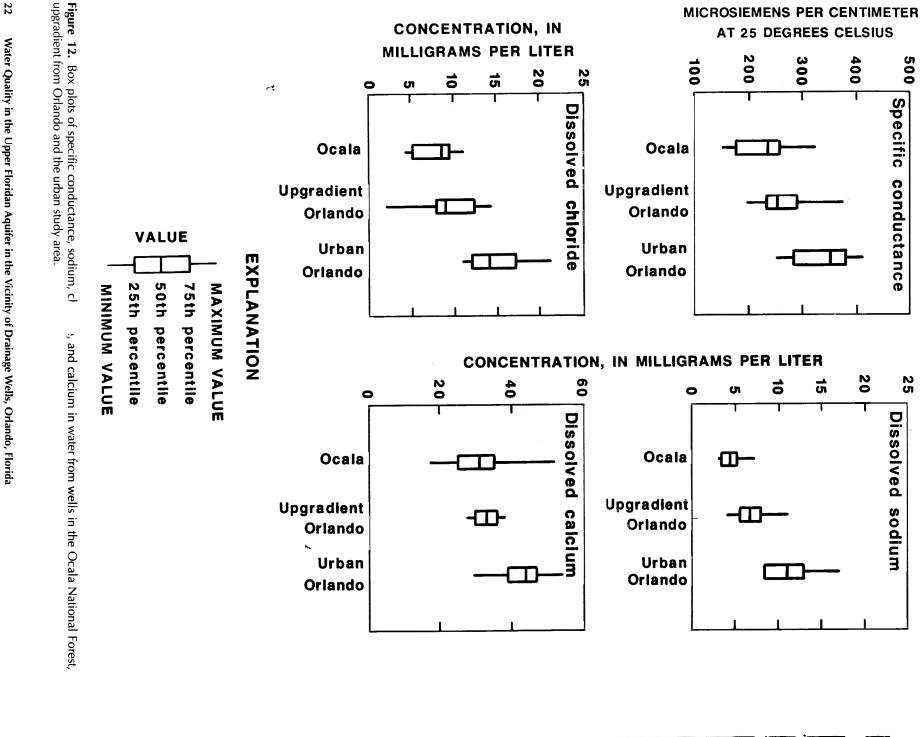
		Upgradient from Orlando				Ocala National Forest			
Constituent	N	(n)	Media		N	(n)	Median	Range	
	18	(28)	251	198 - 373	8	(8)	233	151 - 322	
	15	(23)	7.5	6.6 - 8.3	8	(17)	8.0	7.9 - 8.1	
	7	(8)	.03	.007	8	(8)	<.20	<.2050	
	7	(8)	.02	.014	9	(17)	.04	.0152	
	7	(8)	.11	.0530	9	(9)	.05	.0331	
			4.0	.0 - 6.0	8	(8)	1.0	.0 - 2.5	
	6	(7)	33	28 - 38	9	(17)	32	17 - 52	
	13	(20)	8.4	3.8 - 17	9	(17)	7.4	4.0 - 9.3	
	13	(20)	6.6	4.1 - 11	9	(17)	4.3	3.2 - 7.1	
	13	(20)	.9	.6 - 1.9	9	(17)	0.7	.4 - 1.4	
	13	(20)	.9 8.9	2.0 - 14	g 9	(14)	8.4	4.5 - 11.0	
	18	(28)	5.7	0.4 - 18	9	(17)	2.6	<.10 - 17	
	13 7	(20) (7)	40	<10 - 60	8	(8)	20	<10 - 520	
	7	(7)	<10	<10 - 20	9	(13)	<10	<10 - 20	



WELL WHERE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS HAVE
BEEN DETECTED--Number is site in table 1

Figure 11. Map showing sites where organic compounds have been detected in ground water.

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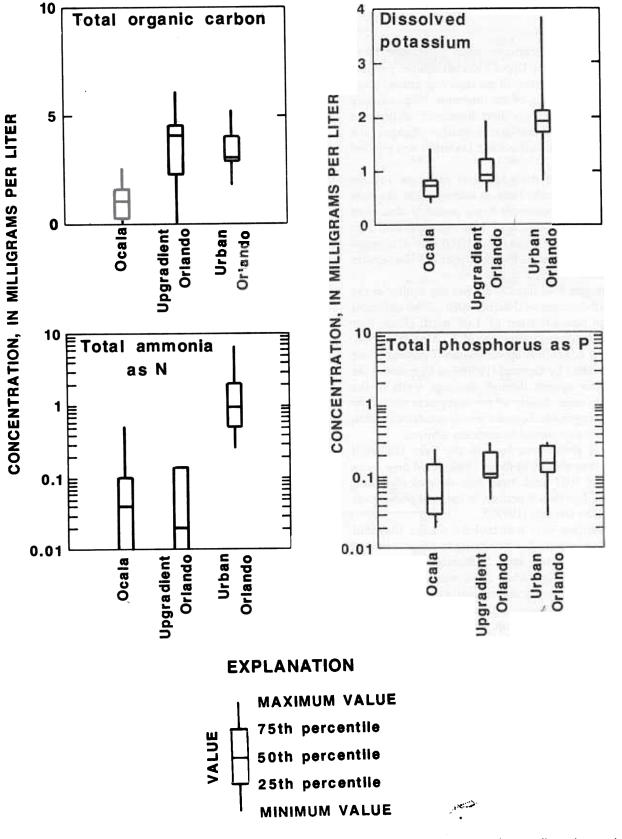
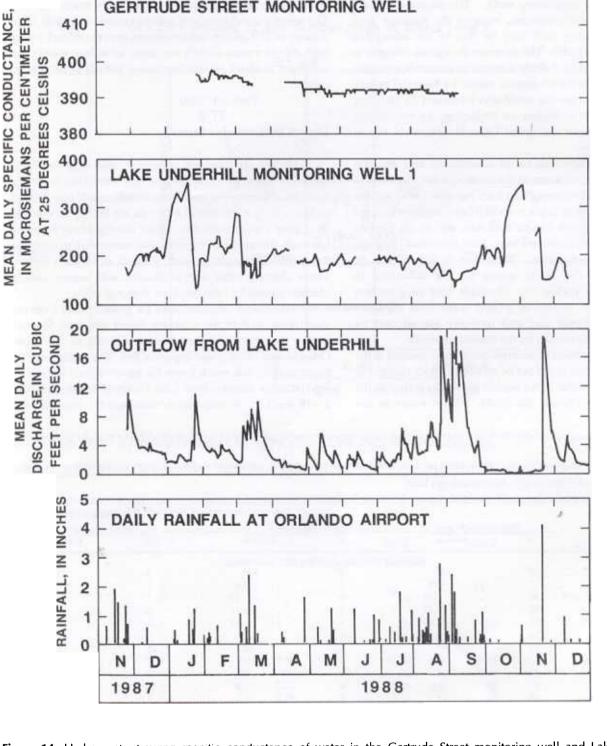


Figure 13. Box plots of total organic carbon, potassium, ammonia, and phosphorus in water from wells in the Ocala National Forest upgradient from Orlando and the urban study area.

 Table 6. Median values of selected constituents and physical properties of water from 11 wells in the urban Orlando area, well 16

[Concentrations are median values, in milligrams per liter, unless otherwise stated. N, number of samples; μ S/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius] mg/L, micrograms per liter]

Constituent	Urban Orlando area		Lake U monitorii		Gertrude Street monitoring well		
	N	Median	N	Median	N	Median	
Specific conductance		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				,	
μS/cm, field	19	357	3	430	3	381	
pH, in standard units	17	7.6	3	7.8	3	7.6	
Total organic nitrogen as N	30	.24	4	.33	3	.20	
Total ammonia as N	30	.97	4	.14	3	1.30	
Total phosphorus as P	30	.16	3 .	.13	3	.16	
Total organic carbon	30	3.0	4	3.7	3	2.9	
Dissolved calcium	31	44	4	62	3	47	
Dissolved magnesium	31	8.6	4	6.2	3	10	
Dissolved sodium	31	11	4	5.8	. 3	13	
Dissolved potassium	31	1.9	4	2.4	3	1.9	
Dissolved chloride	25	14	4	9.7	3	14.0	
Dissolved sulfate	31	7.8	4	48	3	7.2	
Dissolved iron, in µg/L	18	65	3	18	3	70	
Total recoverable	•			•	_	,,	
manganese, in µg/L	26	10	3	30	3	10	



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Figure 14. Hydrograph showing specific conductance of water in the Gertrude Street monitoring well and Lake Underhill monitoring well 1, outflow from Lake Underhill, and rainfall at Orlando.

EXPLANATION

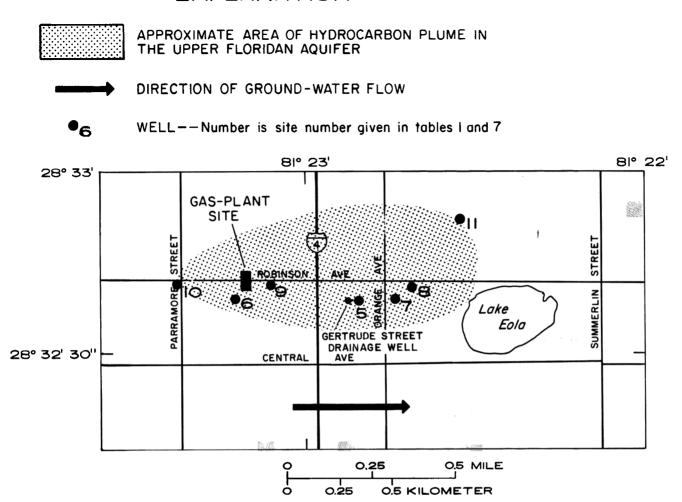


Figure 15. Map shown approximate extent of the hydrocarbon plume in the urban Orlando area.

Table 7. Organic compounds detected in water from wells within the hydrocarbon plume

[Number is concentration in micrograms per liter. An asterisk (*) indicates compound was not detected. Compounds with (total) include all isomers added together. TIOC values are semiquantitative]

Compound Name	Site 10	Site 9	Site 7	Site 8	Site 11
Compound Traine	510 10				
		Compounds with authentic	reference standards		
<u>Volatiles</u>					
Benzene		94	86	53	0.2
Ethylbenzene		7.6	.30	*	*
Toluene		1.2	*	*	*
Xylene		15	.60	.20	*
Polycyclics					
Acenaphthene	0.14	32.73	18.79	10.32	4.04
Acenaphthylene*		.92	.10	*	*
Anthracene	*	2.81	.38	.09	*
Fluoranthene	*	3.94	1.12	.38	.09
Fluorene	*	15.28	1.94	.30	.06
Naphthalene	.04	257.82	7.51	.32	*
Phenanthrene	*	17.21	1.68	.16	*
Phenol,2,4,-dimethyl	.24	.27	.56		
Phenol	*	1.84	2.02		
Pyrene	*	6.94	2.46	.62	.63

Table 7. Organic compounds detected in water from wells within the hydrocarbon plume--Continued

[Number is concentration in micrograms per liter. An asterisk (*) indicates compound was not detected. Compounds with (total) include all isomers added together. TIOC values are semiquantitative.]

Compound Name	Site 10	Site 9	Site 7	Site 8	Site 11
	Tentatively	identified organic compoun	ds from automated libra	ry search	
<u>Volatiles</u>					
Thiophene	*	1.43	3.00	2.33	0.26
Polycyclics					
Benzene, propyl		1.81	40	.86	
Benzo[b]thiophene					
methyl isomers (total)		10.00	1.60	1.70	1.30
Benzo[b]thiophene					
dimethyl isomers (total)		5.00	*	.40	.30
1H-Indene, 2,3-dihydro-		68.22	19.70	1.88	
1H-Indene, 2,3-dihydro-1-methyl		3.05	1.67	.84	
Naphthalene, ethyl					
isomers (total)		14.00	1.80	1.00	.40
Naphthalene, methyl					
isomers (total)	X	140.00	17.00	4.00	
Naphthalene, dimethyl					
isomers (total)		90.00	10.50	7.00	2.30
Naphthalene, trimethyl					
isomers (total)		12.70	.80	.70	.50
9H-Fluorene, methyl					
isomers (total)		12.00	1.60		1.10
4H-Cyclopenta [def]					
phenanthrene		4.00	.60	.81	.40
1,1'-Biphenyl, methyl					
isomers (total)		14.00	1.00	3.2	.70

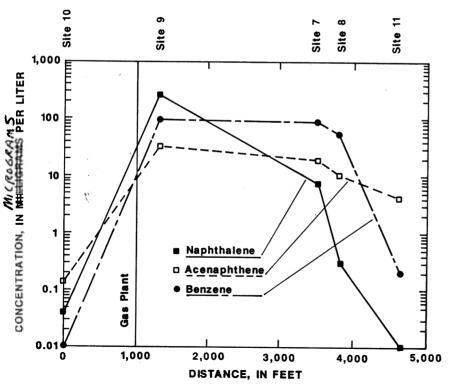


Figure 16. Profiles of acenaphthene, naphthalene, and benzene in water from wells within the hydrocarbon plume.